














































Dry sows / mating area














































Farm ID: _____ DATE: | | | | | | | |

Section ID: _____

1. Hunger and thirst

Animal-based indicators	Animal Welfare (Pigs) Code of Welfare 2005					
<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Vocalisation / noise- Physical appearance- Behaviour- Mobility- Faeces	<table border="1"><tr><td></td></tr><tr><td></td></tr><tr><td></td></tr><tr><td></td></tr><tr><td></td></tr></table>	  	  	  	  	  
  						
  						
  						
  						
  						
	<p>Minimum Standard No.1 - Feed</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) Feeding frequency(b) Feed delivery(c) Feed quantity to:<ul style="list-style-type: none">(i) maintain good health(ii) meet physiological requirements(iii) avoid metabolic & nutritional disorders(d) Daily check of automatic feeding systems(e) / (f) Maintenance of body condition score at or above 2.5 / remedial action if lower <p><input type="checkbox"/> OK <input type="checkbox"/> not OK</p>					
	<p>Minimum Standard No.3 - Watering Systems</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) Accessibility of palatable water to all pigs(b) Pigs on pasture: access to sufficient water(c) Daily check of automatic watering systems(d) Sufficient supply, with reserves to cope with 24 hour demand(e) Alternative arrangements in case of equipment failure(f) Appropriate height for size of the delivery system for the animals(g) Appropriate water temperature <p><input type="checkbox"/> OK <input type="checkbox"/> not OK</p>					
Comments: _____ _____ _____						

2. Interaction with the physical environment

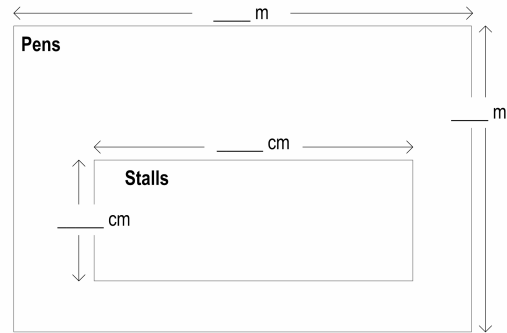
Animal-based indicators	Animal Welfare (Pigs) Code of Welfare 2005					
<p>a. Boars</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Vocalisation / noise- Physical appearance- Behaviour- Mobility- Faeces	<table border="1"><tr><td></td></tr><tr><td></td></tr><tr><td></td></tr><tr><td></td></tr><tr><td></td></tr></table>	  	  	  	  	  
  						
  						
  						
  						
  						
	<p>Minimum Standard No.12 - Boars</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) Until 1 January 2010, boars must be housed in accommodation other than stalls, except where individual housing to treat injury or disease is temporarily necessary.(b) If stalls are used, they must allow sufficient clearance for the boar to stand comfortably and lie down comfortably on his side.(c) If stalls are used, daily inspections must be carried out to ensure that any skin conditions are treated.(d) If stalls are used, boars must be removed from stalls at least twice per week either for mating purposes or to be given sufficient exercise to maintain adequate locomotory function and to prevent skeletal and muscular weakness. <p><input type="checkbox"/> OK <input type="checkbox"/> not OK</p>					

Animal-based indicators

Animal Welfare (Pigs) Code of Welfare 2005

Minimum space allowances

Pig class	Area (m ²)
Boars in individual stalls or crates	1.68 (0.7m x 2.4m)
Boar pens	6.0



Number of boars: _____

Floor area: _____ m²

Area / boar: _____ m²

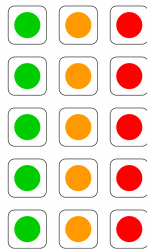
Minimum Standard No.5 - Space

- (a) Each pig housed indoors must be provided with the minimum space allowances as specified by the Code.
- (b) A dunging area, as part of a total slab, and/or an open drain, is provided, must be excluded from the total space requirement.
- (c) In hot conditions (over 25°C) steps must be taken to reduce overheating of pigs.

OK not OK

b. Sows

- Vocalisation / noise
- Physical appearance
- Behaviour
- Mobility
- Faeces



Minimum Standard No.4 - Buildings and Maintenance

- (a) Light of at least 20 lux in all buildings for at least nine hours daily.
- (b) All pig sheds must have at least 20 lux for inspection of animals.
- (c) Sharp projections and edges including damaged flooring likely to cause injury to pigs must be removed or covered.
- (d) Pen fittings must be kept in good working order.
- (e) Any electrical fittings and attachments to mains voltage must be out of the reach of pigs, or protected from interference by pigs.
- (f) All mechanical equipment to be maintained in good working order.
- (g) In case of power failure or mechanical breakdown, provision made for other means of heating, lighting and ventilation, feeding and watering.
- (h) In case of power failure or mechanical breakdown, an alarm with a back-up battery system must warn against any ventilation system breakdown.
- (i) For deep litter systems, provision must be made to minimise the impact of flooding through water pipes bursting.
- (j) All pig sheds must contain suitable fire fighting equipment and have a documented fire emergency plan. This also applies to feed milling areas where they are adjacent to pig housing.

OK not OK

Comments:

Animal-based indicators

Animal Welfare (Pigs) Code of Welfare 2005

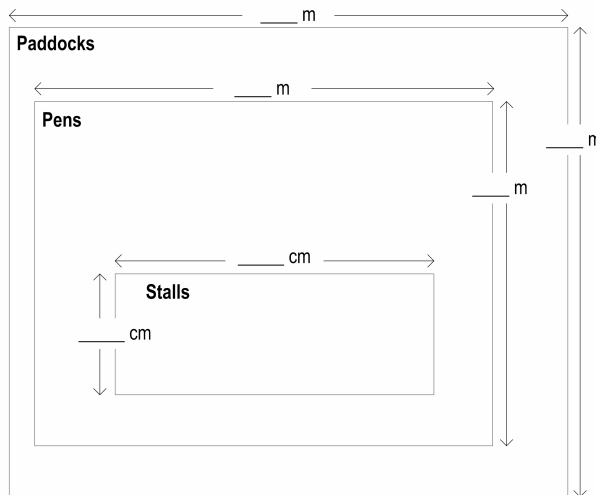
Minimum space allowances

Pig class	Area (m ²)
Unmated gilts in groups	1.00
Mated gilts in groups	1.50
Adult sows in groups	2.0
Pregnant sows in individual stalls	1.20 (0.6m x 2.0m)

Housing system(s) used

	Number	Percentage
Stalls <input type="checkbox"/>		%
Pens <input type="checkbox"/>		%
Paddocks <input type="checkbox"/>		%

Measured space allowances



Number of animals: _____
 Floor area: _____ m²
 Area / animal: _____ m²

Comments: _____

Minimum Standard No.6 - Temperature

- (a) Provision of an appropriate ambient temperature range to maintain normal body temperatures of new-born piglets.
- (b) Heating devices must be securely fixed and protected from interference by the sow and piglets.
- (c) An airflow, or other measures, must be maintained during extremes of weather to ensure pigs do not become overheated or cold stressed .



Minimum Standard No.7 - Air Quality

- (a) Ventilation must be sufficient to prevent the build-up of harmful concentrations of gasses such as ammonia and CO₂.
- (b) If ammonia levels of 25ppm or more are detected, immediate and appropriate action must be taken to ensure a return to levels below 25ppm.



Minimum Standard No.5 - Space

- (a) Each pig housed indoors must be provided with the minimum space allowances as specified by the Code.
- (b) A dunging area, as part of a total slab, and/or an open drain, is provided, must be excluded from the total space requirement.
- (c) In hot conditions (over 25°C) steps must be taken to reduce overheating of pigs.



Minimum Standard No.10 - Dry sow stalls

- (a) Dry sow stalls must allow sufficient clearance to enable sows and gilts to stand comfortably in their natural stance and be able to lie comfortably on their sides.
- (b) Sows that show sever lameness or severe behavioural problems must be removed from dry sow stalls and placed in alternative accommodation to facilitate rehabilitation or be culled.
- (c) Until 1 January 2015, individual confinement in dry sow stalls must be no longer than the first 4 weeks after mating.
- (d) Dry sow stalls in any new facility built after the issue of this Code must not be used to house sows and gilts from 4 weeks after mating until the completion of that pregnancy.



Minimum Standard No.11 - Tethering

Confinement of pigs must be by methods other than tethering.



Animal-based indicators

Animal Welfare (Pigs) Code of Welfare 2005

Minimum Standard No.8 - Outdoors environment

- (a) A warm, dry, adequately ventilated area for sleeping and resting must be provided for all classes of pig.
- (b) Piglets must be provided with a warm dry area which is adequately ventilated and protected from harmful draughts.
- (c) If there is no artificial heating, bedding materials must be available for piglets.
- (d) To prevent heat stroke or sunburn, shelter must be provided from the sun, or a wallow must be provided, or both.
- (e) Effective fencing must be provided to prevent stock from fouling drinking water and gaining access to areas with toxic plants or other hazards.
- (f) Handling facilities must be available to deal with animals undergoing routine procedures or for animals that are sick and requiring treatment.
- (g) Accommodation for lactating sows must be of suitable design and sufficient size to allow the sow to lie down at full length and without leg restriction. The sow must also be able to lie down, rise and stand comfortably without undue risk of injury to her litter.

OK

not OK

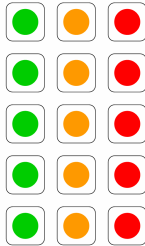
Comments:

3. Health, injury and disease

Animal-based indicators

Animal Welfare (Pigs) Code of Welfare 2005

- Vocalisation / noise
- Physical appearance
- Behaviour
- Mobility
- Faeces



Minimum Standard No.17 - Health

- (a) Those responsible for the care of pigs must be competent at recognising the signs of good health, ill-health, or injury and must consult a veterinarian as appropriate.
- (b) Medication must only be used in accordance with registration conditions, manufacturer's instructions or professional advice.
- (c) Piglets must receive sufficient iron to avoid anaemia.
- (d) Contaminated bedding, faeces and urine must not be permitted to accumulate to the extent that they pose a threat to the health and welfare of pigs.

OK

not OK

Comments:

4. Sign-off

Name of inspector

Signature
